



Australian Government
Civil Aviation Safety Authority

REPEALED BY CASA EX05/19

Instrument number CASA EX95/18

I, PETER MICHAEL WHITE, Executive Manager, Regulatory Services & Surveillance, a delegate of CASA, make this instrument under regulations 11.160 and 11.205 of the *Civil Aviation Safety Regulations 1998*.

[Signed P. White]

Peter White

Executive Manager, Regulatory Services & Surveillance

8 August 2018

**CASA EX95/18 — Standard Take-off and Landing Minima (Delta Air Lines)
Exemption 2018**

1 Name

This instrument is *CASA EX95/18 — Standard Take-off and Landing Minima (Delta Air Lines) Exemption 2018*.

2 Repeal of instrument CASA EX117/17

Instrument CASA EX117/17 is repealed.

3 Definitions

Note In this instrument certain terms and expressions have the same meaning as they have in the *Civil Aviation Act 1988* and the regulations. These include: **aerodrome**, **air traffic control**, **low-visibility approach**, **low-visibility take-off**, **low-visibility operation**, **pilot in command** and **runway visual range**.

In this instrument:

AH means alert height.

ATC means air traffic control.

CAT means category, and refers to the various categories of precision approach operations mentioned in this instrument.

DH means decision height.

LVO means low-visibility operation.

LVP means low-visibility procedures applied by ATC at an aerodrome for protecting aircraft operations during conditions of reduced visibility or low cloud.

M/M means the particular make and model of an aircraft.

RVR means runway visual range.

SA CAT II means special authorisation CAT II.

4 Application

This instrument applies in relation to Delta Air Lines Inc. of Atlanta GA, United States of America, (the *exempted operator*), ARN 594069, if:

- (a) the exempted operator conducts a flight to or from an aerodrome in any of the following kinds of aircraft (the *aircraft*): B777-200LR; and
- (b) ATC at the aerodrome has informed the pilot in command of the aircraft that LVP are in force.

5 Exemptions

- (1) The exempted operator is exempt from compliance with subregulations 257 (3) and 257 (4) of CAR.
- (2) The pilot in command of the aircraft is exempt from compliance with subregulations 257 (3) and 257 (4) of CAR in relation to the flight.

6 Conditions

- (1) It is a condition of the exemption in subsection 5 (1) that the exempted operator ensures compliance with the requirements mentioned in subsection (3).
- (2) It is a condition of the exemption in subsection 5 (2) that the pilot in command of the aircraft ensures compliance with the requirements mentioned in subsection (3).
- (3) The requirements are:
 - (a) the aircraft must comply with the meteorological minima for LVO and associated requirements set out in Schedule 1; and
 - (b) the requirements for LVO mentioned in Schedule 2.

7 Repeal of this instrument

This instrument is repealed at the end of 31 July 2021.

Schedule 1 Operating minima for LVO

Low-visibility take-off minimum

- 1 An aircraft of a kind mentioned in column 1 of Table 1 must not conduct a low-visibility take-off from the aerodrome if the reported RVR for the take-off is less than the meteorological minimum mentioned in column 2 of the Table.

Table 1: Low-visibility take-off minimum

Aircraft M/M (column 1)	Meteorological minimum (column 2)
B777-200LR	150 m

Low-visibility approach minima

- 2 An aircraft of a kind mentioned in column 1 of Table 2, when conducting a low-visibility approach operation mentioned in column 2 of the Table for the purpose of landing the aircraft:
 - (a) has the RVR meteorological minimum mentioned in column 3 of the Table for the low-visibility approach operation; and
 - (b) must apply the DH and AH mentioned in column 4 of the Table for the low-visibility approach operation.

Table 2: Approach minima and requirements

Aircraft M/M (column 1)	Low-visibility approach operation (column 2)	RVR minimum (column 3)	DH or AH (column 4)
B777-200LR	SA CAT II	350 m	DH 100 ft
	CAT II	300 m	DH 100 ft
	CAT IIIA	175 m	AH 50 ft
	CAT IIIB	75 m	AH 50 ft

Schedule 2 Requirements for LVO

Operating minimum and procedures

- 1 The requirements for conducting LVO are the most restrictive of the requirements in the following:
 - (a) this instrument;
 - (b) the LVO authorisation issued to the operator by the Federal Aviation Administration of the United States of America and the terms and conditions for LVO associated with that authorisation.

Approach ban

- 2 For landings, the following approach ban rules apply:
 - (a) when making an approach, the aircraft must not continue beyond 1 000 ft above aerodrome elevation if a controlling zone RVR is reported by ATC as continually less than the specified minimum for the landing;
 - (b) if, after passing 1 000 ft above aerodrome elevation, a controlling zone RVR is reported by ATC as falling below the specified minimum, the approach may be continued to the minima.
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